

public recreation facilities, including but not limited to public golf courses, and for all works, buildings, facilities, utilities, structures and appliances incidental, necessary or convenient for the promotion and accommodation of any such uses.

(6) For the establishment, improvement and conduct of small boat harbors, marinas, aquatic playgrounds and similar recreational facilities, and for the construction, reconstruction, repair, maintenance and operation of all works, buildings, facilities, utilities, structures and appliances incidental, necessary or convenient for the promotion and accommodation of any of such uses, including but not limited to snackbars, cafes, restaurants, motels, launching ramps and hoists, storage sheds, boat repair facilities with cranes and marine ways, administration buildings, public restrooms, bait and tackle shops, chandleries, boat sales establishments, service stations and fuel docks, yacht club buildings, parking areas, roadways, pedestrianways and landscaped areas.

(b) Said city and county, or its successors shall not, at any time, grant, convey, give or alienate said lands, or any part thereof, to any individual, firm or corporation for any purposes whatever; provided, that said city and county, or its successors, may grant franchises thereon for limited periods, not exceeding 66 years, for wharves and other public uses and purposes, and may lease said lands, or any part thereof, for limited periods, not exceeding 66 years, for purposes consistent with the trusts upon which said lands are held by the State of California, and with the requirements of commerce and navigation, and collect and retain rents and other revenues from such leases, franchises and privileges. Such lease or leases, franchises and privileges may be for any and all purposes which shall not interfere with commerce and navigation.

(c) Said lands shall be improved without expense to the State; provided, however, that nothing contained in this act shall preclude expenditures for the development of said lands for any public purpose not inconsistent with commerce, navigation and fishery, by the State, or any board, agency or commission thereof, when authorized or approved by the city and county, nor by the city and county of any funds received for such purpose from the State or any board, agency or commission thereof.

(d) In the management, conduct, operation and control of said lands or any improvements, betterments, or structures thereon, the city and county or its successors shall make no discrimination in rates, tolls or charges for any use or service in connection therewith.

(e) The State of California shall have the right to use without charge any transportation, landing or storage improvements, betterments or structures constructed upon said lands for any vessel or other watercraft, aircraft, or railroad owned or operated by the State of California.

(f) There is hereby reserved to the people of the State of California the right to fish in the waters on said lands with

the right of convenient access to said water over said lands for said purpose.

(g) There is hereby excepted and reserved in the State of California, all deposits of minerals, including oil and gas, in said lands, and to the State of California, or persons authorized by the State of California, the right to prospect for, mine, and remove such deposits from said lands.

(h) Said lands are granted subject to the express reservation and condition that the State may at any time in the future use said lands or any portion thereof for highway purposes without compensation to the city and county, its successors or assigns, or any person, firm or public or private corporation claiming under it, except that in the event improvements, betterments or structures have been placed upon the property taken by the State for said purposes, compensation shall be made to the person entitled thereto for the value of his interest in the improvements, betterments or structures taken or the damages to such interest.

(i) The State Lands Commission shall, at the cost of the city, survey and monument the granted lands and record a description and plat thereof in the office of the County Recorder of the City and County of San Francisco.

(j) That within 10 years from the effective date of this act said lands shall be substantially improved by said city and county without expense to the State, and if the State Lands Commission determines that the city and county has failed to improve said lands as herein required, all right, title, and interest of said city and county in and to all lands granted by this act shall cease and said lands shall revert and vest in the State.

#### CHAPTER 942

*An act to add Section 2396.5 to the Business and Professions Code, relating to the practice of medicine.*

[Approved by Governor June 13, 1963. Filed with Secretary of State June 13, 1963.]

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 2396.5 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

2396.5. In addition to those persons authorized by Section 2396 to use the term or suffix "M.D.," those persons who meet all of the requirements of subdivisions (a), (b), and (c) of this section may use such term or suffix:

(a) He shall be eligible, as provided hereinafter, for examination and licensure by the Board of Medical Examiners and shall successfully pass that examination;

(b) He shall obtain a degree of doctor of medicine from a school of medicine located in the State of California at any

time prior to December 31, 1963, which school is approved by the Board of Medical Examiners at the time of the issuance of such degree; and

(c) He shall file a written election to use the term or suffix "M.D." as provided in Section 2396 of this code within 30 days after written notice that he has passed such examination.

In the event of the election to use such term or suffix, the use of the term or suffix "D.O." constitutes unprofessional conduct within the meaning of this chapter. In the absence of such election, the use of the term or suffix "M.D." constitutes unprofessional conduct within the meaning of this chapter. Any person who properly qualifies to use the term or suffix "M.D." under this section shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Board of Medical Examiners.

In addition to those persons otherwise authorized to take the examination for licensure given by the Board of Medical Examiners, a person shall be eligible to take such examination required under subdivision (a) hereof, if he meets all of the following qualifications:

(1) He shall have been a resident of the State of California on January 1, 1963;

(2) He shall have been, on that date, in his last year of study at an osteopathic school approved during the academic year 1961-62 by the Board of Osteopathic Examiners of the State of California, or he shall have graduated from an osteopathic college approved by the Board of Osteopathic Examiners of the State of California and have been serving an internship, at that date, in a hospital either approved at that time for intern training by the Board of Medical Examiners, or approved during the academic year 1961-62 by the Board of Osteopathic Examiners.

(3) He shall have complied or be able to comply with those provisions of the Medical Practice Act (Chapter 5, commencing with Section 2000, of Division 2 of this code) which were applicable on January 1, 1962, to a person applying to the board for a certificate, including the requirement as to examination.

#### CHAPTER 943

*An act to amend Section 2302 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to mosquito abatement districts.*

[Approved by Governor June 13, 1963. Filed with Secretary of State June 13, 1963.]

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 2302 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

2302. The board of supervisors of each county in which any part of a district is situated shall, at the time of levying

county taxes, levy a tax to be known as the "\_\_\_\_\_ Mosquito Abatement District tax," sufficient to raise the amount reported to it by the district board, upon property of the district in the county. The board of supervisors shall, unless the alternative procedure of distributing taxes which is prescribed by Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 4701), Part 8, Division 1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is in effect in such county, determine the rate of the tax by deducting 15 percent for anticipated delinquencies from the total assessed value of the taxable property of the district within the county as it appears on the assessment roll of the county, and then dividing the sum reported to it by the district board by the remainder of the total assessed value. In any county in which the alternative procedure of distributing taxes is in effect, the board of supervisors shall determine the rate of the tax by dividing the sum reported to it by the district board by the total assessed value of the taxable property of the district within the county as it appears on the assessment roll of the county.

#### CHAPTER 944

*An act to amend Section 817 of the Penal Code, relating to peace officers.*

[Approved by Governor June 13, 1963. Filed with Secretary of State June 13, 1963.]

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 817 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

817. A peace officer is the sheriff, undersheriff, deputy sheriff, coroner, deputy coroner, regularly employed and paid as such of a county, marshal or deputy marshal of a municipal court, constable of a judicial district, marshal, policeman of a city or town, or any juvenile officer of a city or town engaged in performing juvenile law enforcement functions which are generally performed by the local police department, the Deputy Director of the State Department of Justice, the chief, assistant chief, special agents of the Bureau of Criminal Identification and Investigation, the chief, assistant chief and narcotic agents of the Bureau of Narcotic Enforcement, and any parole officer of the State Department of Corrections, and any placement or parole officer of the Youth Authority.

Inspectors and investigators regularly employed and paid as such in the office of a district attorney, members of the California Highway Patrol, policemen of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners for San Francisco Harbor, a supervisor or guard employed by the Department of Corrections, each member of an arson investigating unit of an organized fire department, the chief and inspectors of the Bureau of Food and Drug