1992 SUMMARY DIGEST

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reason.

Ch. 617 (SB 1779) Roberti. Education funding.

(1) Under existing law, as set forth in the Budget Act of 1992, the sum of \$8,732,203,000 is appropriated in a designated budget item for transfer to Section A of the State School Fund and, of that amount, \$8,532,759,000 is for apportionment to school districts for school district revenue limit purposes.

This bill would appropriate \$487,732,000 in augmentation of the above-referenced item of appropriation in the Budget Act of 1992. To the extent that this appropriation would be allocated to school districts, as defined, those funds may be applied toward the minimum funding requirements for school districts and community college districts imposed by Section 8 of Article XVI of the California Constitution.

This bill would make certain legislative declarations regarding designated items of appropriation in the Budget Act of 1992 and existing statutory law that relate to education funding.

(2) This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as a statute providing an appropriation for the usual current expenses of the state.

Ch. 618 (AB 2285) Elder. Public employees: investment fund options.

Existing law authorizes the Board of Administration of the Public Employees' Retire-

ment System to establish deferred compensation programs.

This bill would authorize the board to include investment fund options for local members and school members and would list various types of investment fund options. The board would be required to submit a report to the Legislature on or before July 1,

Ch. 619 (AB 2372) Frizzelle. Medical practice: osteopathic physicians and sur-

geons: discrimination.

Existing law provides that it is the policy of the state that physicians and surgeons holding M.D. and D.O. degrees shall be accorded equal professional status, and prohibits discrimination by health facilities and certain other entities on the basis of the type of degree held by a physician and surgeon. Existing law also requires that whenever staffing requirements mandate that a physician be certified by an appropriate American medical board, the position for which certification is mandated shall be available on an equal basis to osteopathic physicians certified by an appropriate osteopathic board. Existing law further prohibits the adoption of bylaws by a health facility that would circumvent these provisions.

This bill would revise these provisions to also prohibit entities that contract with physicians and surgeons or osteopathic physicians to provide managed care or risk-based care from discriminating on the basis of the type of degree, and to require that, in any contract offered by those entities, a reference to American medical board shall be construed to mean American Osteopathic Board when the contracting physician is an osteopathic physician. This bill would also prohibit those entities from adopting bylaws

that would circumvent that policy of nondiscrimination.

Ch. 620 (AB 2460) Hansen. Alcohol and drug programs.

(1) Existing law establishes, in the State Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs, a Division of Alcohol Programs, a Division of Drug Programs, a Division of Administration, and any other divisions established by the department to the extent authorized by

This bill would instead establish in the department only those divisions as are established by the department to the extent authorized by existing law. The bill would make

conforming changes.

(2) Existing law provides for the licensure of an alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facility and defines the facility to mean a facility, place, or building that provides 24-hour residential nonmedical services in a group setting to adults and emancipated minors, as prescribed. Existing law requires the State Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs to adopt regulations related to that licensure.

This bill would require the department to adopt regulations providing for the issuance of a waiver for a facility to serve not more than 3 adolescents, or 10% of the total licensed capacity, whichever is less, age 14 years and older, under certain circumstances. The bill would authorize a facility to serve adolescents upon issuance of the waiver.

Ch. 621 (AB 2517) Wright. Driving offenses: suspension or revocation of license. (1) Existing law requires the driver of any vehicle involved in an accident resulting in damage to any property, or in the injury or death of any person, to stop and give certain information to the owner of the property or to the person involved.

This bill would require every driver of a vehicle involved in an accident to exchange specified information with the other driver or property owner, unless rendered incapable, as specified. Any person who willfully violates that requirement would be guilty of an infraction, as specified. Because the bill would create a new crime, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

The bill would define "evidence of financial responsibility" for these purposes, and

would make conforming changes.

(2) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified

Ch. 622 (AB 2550) Conroy. Sales and use tax exemptions: white canes.

The existing Sales and Use Tax Law exempts from the taxes imposed by that law, the gross receipts from the sale of and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state. of specified medical devices sold to an individual for the personal use of that individual as directed by a physician.

This bill would extend this exemption to white canes used by the legally blind, when sold to an individual for the personal use of that individual as directed by a physician.

Under existing law, counties and cities are authorized to impose local sales and use taxes in conformity with state sales and use taxes. Exemptions from state sales and use taxes enacted by the Legislature are automatically incorporated into the local taxes. Section 2230 of the Revenue and Taxation Code provides that the state will reimburse counties and cities for revenue losses caused by the enactment of sales and use tax exemptions.

This bill would provide that no appropriation is made and the state shall not reimburse local agencies for sales and use tax revenues lost by them pursuant to this bill.

This bill would take effect immediately as a tax levy, but its operative date would depend on its effective date.

Ch. 623 (AB 2963) Hauser. Building standards: building permits.

(1) Existing law specifies that only those building standards approved by the State Building Standards Commission and that are effective at the local level at the time an application for a building permit is submitted, apply to construction performed under

that building permit.

This bill would, instead, specify that only those building standards approved by the commission and that are effective at the local level at the time an application for a building permit is submitted, shall apply to the plans and specifications for, and to construction performed under, that building permit. The bill would also specify that a local ordinance changing or modifying building standards for residential occupancies, that are published in the California Building Standards Code, applies only to an application for a building permit submitted after the effective date of the ordinance and to the plans and specifications for, and to the construction performed under, that permit, except as otherwise specified.

(2) This bill would incorporate amendments to Section 18938.5 of the Health and Safety Code proposed by both this bill and AB 3515. These amendments would only become operative if both bills are enacted and become effective on January 1, 1993, each bill amends Section 18938.5, and this bill is enacted after AB 3515.

NOTE: Superior numbers appear as a separate section at the end of the digests.